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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/981,937	10/17/2001	Karin Drechsel	1/1156	6299

28501 7590 11/01/2002

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EXAMINER

HAGHIGHATIAN, MINA

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1616

DATE MAILED: 11/01/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Applicati n N .

09/981,937

Applicant(s)

DRECHSEL ET AL.

Examiner

Mina Haghighatian

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-95 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-95 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on ____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). ____.
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5. 6) ☐ Other: .

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: on page 13, line 29, the document listed appears to be incorrect (WO 97/12683). The document number may need to be changed to WO 97/12687. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 38, 42, 44, 46, 48, 51, 81, 85, 87, 89, 91 and 94 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 38 and 81 are indefinite because of the incorporation of patent numbers in claims. The incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to a foreign application or patent, or to a publication is improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure to include the material incorporated by reference. The amendment must be accompanied by an affidavit or declaration executed by the applicant, or a practitioner representing the applicant, stating that the amendatory material consists of the same material incorporated by reference in the referencing

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application. See *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 569, 179 USPQ 157 (CCPA 1973); *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 579, 179 USPQ 163 (CCPA 1973); and *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 577, 179 USPQ 167 (CCPA 1973).

Any remaining claims are rejected due to depending on a rejected claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless – (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-37, 50, 53-80 and 93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Freund et al (DE 19653969)(US 2001/0008632 is being used as the translation for the German document).

Freund teach pharmaceutical preparations in the form of aqueous solutions for the production of propellant-free aerosols for inhalation for the therapy of obstructive lung diseases. Pharmaceuticals intended for inhalation are dissolved in an aqueous or ethanolic solution or a solvent mixture of ethanol and water. The amount of dissolved pharmaceutical in the preparation is between 0.001 and 30%, and preferably between 0.05 and 3%. All substances which are suitable for application by inhalation and which are soluble in the specified solvent can be used as pharmaceuticals in the new preparation. Of especial interest are betamimetics, anticholinergics, antiallergic,

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antihistamines and steroids, as well as combinations of these active ingredients (sections [0001] to [0007]).

Freund teaches that addition of an effective amount of a complexing agent, such as, EDTA, citric acid, ascorbic acid and their salts, and more especially disodium salt of ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, eradicates the problem of spray anomalies. The effective quantity of complexing agent Na-EDTA is between 10 and 100 mg/100 ml. Also if necessary, ethanol can be added to increase solubility up to 70% by volume. Other adjuvants such as preservatives, especially benzalkonium chloride can be added in amounts of between 8 and 12 mg/100 ml (sections [0009] to [0013]).

Freund discloses a list of compounds which can be used as active ingredients, singly or in combination, in the aqueous pharmaceutical preparation. In individual cases, it may be required to add a higher quantity of ethanol or a solution mediator to improve solubility. The list includes; tiotropium bromide, budesonide, beclomethasone, disodium cromoglycate, etc. The solutions are set to a pH of 3.2 to 3.4 with 0.1 or 1 N HCL in 100 ml of finished preparation (see sections [0014] to [0046] and [0055]).

Claims 1-37, 50, 53-80 and 93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bozung et al (DE 19921693)(the US patent 6,433,027 is being used as the translation for the German document).

Bozung et al teach medicament compositions based on anticholinergic compounds which have a long-lasting effect and betamimetics, which have a long-lasting effect, processes for their production and their use in the therapy of respiratory

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ailments, especially COPD (col. 1, lines 11-16). Tiotropium bromide monohydrate is the preferred anticholinergic (col. 5, lines 51-55). The medicaments for inhalation are dissolved in an aqueous or ethanolic solution, wherein solvent mixtures of ethanol and water are also suitable. Other adjuvants, such as preservatives, e.g. benzalkonium chloride in concentration range of 8 to 12 mg/100 ml are added. Complex formers like EDTA, citric acid, ascorbic acid can be added. The medicament is present in an amount of 0.001 to 5% (see col. 6, line 39 to col. 7, line 40).

Claims 38-49, 51, 52, 81-92, 94 and 95 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Freund et al as applied to claims 1-37, 50, 53-80 and 93 above, and further in view of Weston et al (WO 9114468).

Freund et al, discussed above, lacks specific teachings on the inhalation device.

Weston et al discloses a metered dose inhaler which incorporates metering means for metering a quantity of fluid, and the atomizing means is provided by a mechanical break up device through which the metered quantity of fluid is passed to atomise it when it is subject to said increase in pressure (page 7, lines 5-9). For dispensing a spray of an aqueous solution of a medicament for inhalation into lungs, the droplet size is desirably less than 10 micrometers, typically 2 to 6 micrometers.

Weston also discloses that very high pressures can be generated in the pump cylinder or pressure and nozzle orifice diameters can be used, for example up to 100 micrometers, typically greater than 30 to 50 micrometers. The preferred pressures are

from 50 to 400 bar, and more preferably from 100 to 350 bar with nozzle orifice of from 1 to 12 micrometers (page 12, lines 1-32).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized the preparation of Freund et al by incorporating it in a device suitable for such preparations and because it is made simpler in design and cheaper to produce and suited to its function, as taught by Weston et al.


The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure, Jaeger et al (5,964,416).

Jaeger et al teaches a device adapted for use in an atomizer to produce an inhalable aerosol of a liquid medicament without the use of propellant gas. The atomizer is preferably a metered dose inhaler the hollow piston with valve member exerts a pressure of about 50 to 600 bar on the fluid at its high pressure end at the moment of release of the spring. The nozzle is microstructured and consists of two plates of glass and/or silicone firmly joined together, of which at least one plate has one or more microstructured channels which connect the nozzle inlet end to the nozzle outlet. At the nozzle outlet end is at least one circular or non-circular opening less than or equal to 10 micron in size. In a nozzle member having at least two nozzle openings at the outlet end, the directions of spray may be inclined relative to one another at an angle from 20 to 160 degrees (col. 5, lines 25-53).

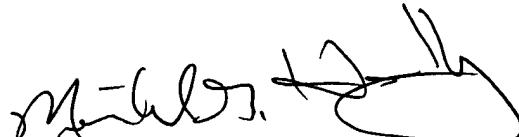
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mina Haghighatian whose telephone number is 703-308-6330. The examiner can normally be reached on core office hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jose Dees can be reached on 703-308-4628. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-4242 for regular communications and 703-308-4242 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0198.



Mina Haghighatian
October 28, 2002



MICHAEL G. HARTLEY
PRIMARY EXAMINER